TGS 2611 - for the detection of Methane

Features:

- * Low power consumption
- * High sensitivity to methane
- * Long life and low cost

FIGARO

* Uses simple electrical circuit

Applications:

- * Domestic gas alarms
- * Portable gas detectors
- * Gas leak detector for gas appliances

TGS2611 is a semiconductor type gas sensor which combines very high sensitivity to methane gas with low power consumption and long life. Due to miniaturization of its sensing chip, TGS2611 requires a heater current of only 56mA and the device is housed in a standard TO-5 package.

The TGS2611 is available in two different models which have different external housings but identical sensitivity to methane gas. Both models are able to satisfy the requirements of performance standards such as UL1484 and EN50194.

TGS2611-C00 possesses small size and quick gas response, making it suitable for gas leakage checkers.

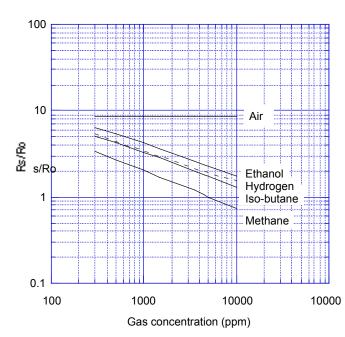
TGS2611-E00 uses filter material in its housing which eliminates the influence of interference gases such as alcohol, resulting in highly selective response to methane gas. This feature makes the sensor ideal for residential gas leakage detectors which require durability and resistance against interference gas.



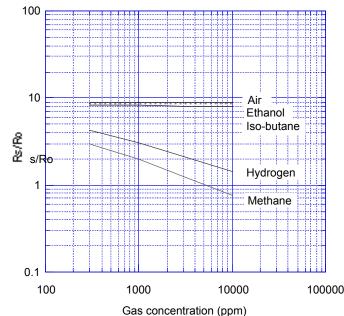
The figure below represents typical sensitivity characteristics, all data having been gathered at standard test conditions (see reverse side of this sheet). The Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (Rs/Ro) which is defined as follows:

Rs = Sensor resistance in displayed gases at various concentrations Ro = Sensor resistance in 5000ppm of methane

TGS2611-C00 Sensitivity Characteristics:



TGS2611-E00 Sensitivity Characteristics:

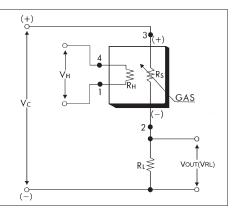


IMPORTANT NOTE: OPERATING CONDITIONS IN WHICH FIGARO SENSORS ARE USED WILL VARY WITH EACH CUSTOMER'S SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS. FIGARO STRONGLY RECOMMENDS CONSULTING OUR TECHNICAL STAFF BEFORE DEPLOYING FIGARO SENSORS IN YOUR APPLICATION AND, IN PARTICULAR, WHEN CUSTOMER'S TARGET GASES ARE NOT LISTED HEREIN. FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SPECIFICALLY TESTED BY FIGARO.

Basic Measuring Circuit:

The sensor requires two voltage inputs: heater voltage (V_H) and circuit voltage (V_C). The heater voltage (V_H) is applied to the integrated heater in order to maintain the sensing element at a specific temperature which is optimal for sensing. Circuit voltage (V_C) is applied to allow measurement of voltage VouT(V_{RL}) across a load resistor (R_L) which is connected in series with the sensor.

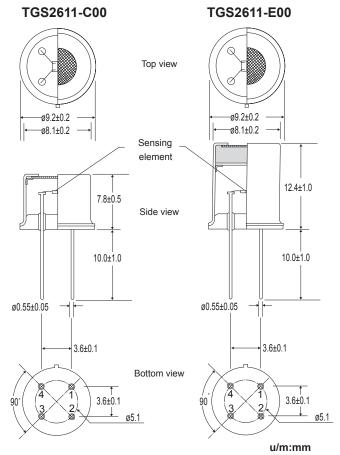
A common power supply circuit can be used for both Vc and V_H to fulfill the sensor's electrical requirements. The value of the load resistor (R_L) should be chosen to optimize the alarm threshold value, keeping power dissipation (Ps) of the semiconductor below a limit of 15mW. Power dissipation (Ps) will be highest when the value of Rs is equal to R_L on exposure to gas.



Specifications:

Model number			TGS2611	
Sensing principle			MOS type	
Standard package			TO-5 metal can	
Target gases			Methane, Natural Gas	
Typical detection range			500 ~ 10,000ppm	
Standard circuit conditions	Heater voltage	Vн	5.0±0.2V AC/DC	
	Circuit voltage	Vc	5.0±0.2V DC	Ps≤15mW
	Load resistance	R∟	variable	0.45kΩ min.
Electrical characteristics under standard test conditions	Heater resistance	Rн	approx 59Ω at room temp.	
	Heater current	Ін	56±5mA	
	Heater power consumption	Рн	280mW±25mW	
	Sensor resistance	Rs	0.68~6.8kΩ in 5000ppm methane	
	Sensitivity (change ratio of Rs)		0.60±0.06	<u>Rs (9000ppm)</u> Rs (3000ppm)
Standard test conditions	Test gas conditions		Methane in air at 20±2°C, 65±5%RH	
	Circuit conditions		Vc = 5.0±0.01V DC VH = 5.0±0.05V DC	
	Conditioning period before test		7 days	

Structure and Dimensions:



Pin connection:

1: Heater

- 2: Sensor electrode (-)
- 3: Sensor electrode (+)

4: Heater

The value of power dissipation (Ps) can be calculated by utilizing the following formula:

$$P_{s} = \frac{(V_{C} - V_{RL})^{2}}{R_{s}}$$

Sensor resistance (Rs) is calculated with a measured value of Vout(V_{RL}) by using the following formula:

$$Rs = (\frac{V_C}{V_{RL}} - 1) \times RL$$

For information on warranty, please refer to Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale of Figaro USA Inc. All sensor characteristics shown in this brochure represent typical characteristics. Actual characteristics vary from sensor to sensor. The only characteristics warranted are those in the Specification table above.